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# THE BOCA BEACH REPORT

### May 2016

Privileged information about your real estate

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This publication is not a solicitation but is an information service from this real estate office.

### Negotiate To Achieve A Sale

The buyer has signed a written offer to purchase a home. This is a serious and motivated buyer who wants the home. The seller said "no," to the price or the terms of the offer so now what happens?

This is a situation where the guidance of an experienced real estate agent is necessary. Once an offer is made, negotiation between buyer and seller must continue. If negotiation continues, usually a satisfactory sale will happen. Both buyer and seller must sometimes give a little on terms. The brokers will help keep the negotiation going.

If the buyer and seller were not represented by real estate agents, a "for sale by owner" might not know how to go about negotiating and therefore might end the possible sale. The "buyer" looks for another home. He is not encouraged to make another offer.

#### Stay In The Game

In this example, what could have been done differently to produce a better result? Let's review the bargaining process.

The seller is under no obligation to accept an offer if it is different

than the asking price and terms. An "offer" is an "offer"— it's not a "contract." Sellers are free to look at, and accept, any other offers.

This buyer may be a hard negotiator and the first offer may be low in price or terms – with the intention of "seeing if the price is firm". If it is, he expects a counter-offer to narrow the difference. If the seller just says, "no" it puts a crimp in negotiations.

No matter how far from the asking price and terms the original offer might be, the seller should make a counter-offer to keep the negotiation going. If he/she is very firm on the price, maybe a small change in the terms would help, like taking part of the price in a note.

Remember, when any change is made in the original offer, it negates that offer. A "counter-offer" is really a new offer, this time from the seller to the buyer. Even though the buyer and seller might agree to some or even most of the terms of a purchase/sale offer, any change effectively creates a counter-offer. In other words, all previous bets are off and the parties are back to square one in the negotiation process. The buyer can walk away. (continued)

Think about terms in advance when selling. What are you willing to give on? Here are some strategies.

#### What Is The Seller's Bottom Line?

Here is a hypothetical case. First, as the seller, the price (all cash) is the most important, (although you may have a bottom line price that is lower than the asking price). Second, you want a quick sale and closing. Third, you want the buyer to pay most of the closing costs. If you got one of the three items would that be enough? Two of three? Must you get all three? If you got your price, usually the top priority, but not the other two items, would you go ahead with the sale?

The choice here is to determine what is important,

what's a "must" and what isn't.

#### Let Your Agent Know

Explain your position to your agent. The broker can then look at current market conditions and suggest the best approach to take on the basis of price, terms and negotiating tactics. Remember, in a recession a buyer is precious.

While counter-offers are designed to let the other party know you're still in the negotiating game, they represent some risk to both buyer and seller. A counter-offer is a new offer, and a new offer may not interest an owner or a buyer. Sensing what to ask, and when to back off, are both part of the bargaining process.  $\diamond$ 

### Ways To Help Your Children Buy A Home

Your kids are all grown up and are ready to take a big step, buying a home. And they need your help. There are two basic ways to help your kids: Give them money or co-sign their mortgage. Let's look at these options.

When you make a financial gift, it demands just a little due diligence on everyone's part. The typical requirements are that the gift comes from a family member, and not an outsider. This is because a family member is more likely to "give" funds while strangers give what usually turns out to be a "loan". A loan is a debt that must be reported to lenders and something which must be eventually repaid. A loan with monthly payments can affect the borrower's debt ratios and ability to repay the mortgage on time.

Another qualification is that the borrowers need to have money saved up from their own accounts. This is usually anywhere from 3- to 5-percent of the purchase price. When the price of the new home is \$100,000 the borrowers will need to document that they have \$3,000 to \$5,000 saved up in an account that they've had for a while. This money can be used for the down payment or closing costs, but they'll still need to be verified for most conventional and government loans. However, if the gift represents 20 percent of the sales price, the borrowers typically need to have nothing at all in terms of money in he bank.

When giving the funds, be upfront with the lender. The lender would like to see a signed Gift Affidavit. This form is signed by the family member giving the money stating that they have the ability to give such funds and they are giving the money with no expectation of getting it back. In other words, it's not a loan.

Perhaps more often, parents help by co-signing the mortgage. This way, you agree that if the home buyers default on their mortgage you will make the payments on time. When you do this, there are a couple of things you need to know.

So even though you co-sign on the mortgage to help others qualify, the buyer must still qualify for the monthly payments. Their debt ratios must be within certain parameters. Even though a lender will use your income to help children qualify, the lender also wants to see a reasonable debt load for the primary home buyer.

Also, remember that when you co-sign the mortgage it will appear on your credit report, and may be counted against you when you apply for future credit of your own.

Some lenders, but not all, will waive a co-signed debt when considering a loan application, but only if you can provide canceled checks from the primary borrowers from the twelve months.

There are ways to provide children with up to \$10,000 from retirement funds. The rules here, and with other big gifts, can be tricky, so speak with a tax adviser before making a withdrawal.

So when the kids call for help you can say "yes", but before you, do make sure you're aware of all the implications. \*

### **Going Green To Save Energy**

We hear about "green" tools to save energy. Near the top of any list about saving energy in your home is a recommendation for double-pane windows. Look for these windows that have highperformance glass that helps reduce heat loss in the winter and heat gain in the summer.

You can see right through the windows in your home, but never overlook them when it comes to energy savings.

If you're buying a new home or considering replacement windows you must be sure to get energy-efficient windows. According to the U.S. Department of Energy inefficient windows can account for 10 to 25 percent of your heating bill. The Department notes that during the summer, "sunny windows can make your air conditioner work two to three times harder."

The Energy Department recommends looking for double-pane or triple-pane windows which are low-e coated or solar control spectrally selective.

The "low-e" stands for "low-emissivity." Emissivity is the measurement of how much heat is emitted from any object by radiation. This can show how much of the sunshine coming in windows gets spread throughout your room, or how much of your home's heat is lost to the outside. Low-e coatings on a window reduce that flow and keep warm air inside during winter and cool air inside during summer.

We're writing primarily about energy savings, but the right windows can improve your home life in a number of other ways. Here are other benefits derived from efficient windows: improved comfort, less condensation, increased light and view, reduced fading of fabrics.

#### How Are Windows Rated?

The source is the National Fenestration Rating Council. The NFRC is a non-profit, public/private organization that provides ratings on window, door and skylight products. It includes manufacturers, suppliers, builders, architects and designers, utilities and government agencies. Windows certified by the NFRC carry a label that provides the information you need to compare windows.

Here are the four ratings on the label:

1. The "U-factor" tells you how well a window keeps heat inside a building. The U-value of 0.35 or below is recommended for colder climates. The lower the U-value, the better the insulation.

2. Solar heat gain, shows a window's ability to

block warming caused by sunlight. Look for the rating expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower the number, the better the window is at blocking the sun's heat. It's recommended that windows in hot climates have a low rating, while south-facing windows in cold climates should have a high rating.

3. Visible light "transmittance," shows how much light gets through the product. The higher the number, the more light is transmitted.

4. Air leakage, also known as heat loss and gain through cracks around the window. The Energy Department recommends you select windows with a rating of 0.3 cubic feet per minute or less.

Air leaks through doors, windows, and walls not only lead to uncomfortable drafts; they also waste a lot of energy and increase utility costs. The average commercial building wastes approximately 30 percent of the energy it consumes this way. Filling gaps around doors and windows with caulk, spray foam, and batting is one of the quickest and most cost-effective ways to reduce wasteful air leakage.

Also recommended by The Environmental Protection Agency: look for the Energy Star label on windows. Manufacturers and retailers who participate in the government program agree to promote energy-efficient products.

In one release the EPA stated: "If all residential windows in the U.S. were replaced with Energy Star qualifying models, the nation would save \$7 billion in energy costs over the next 15 years."

The ENERGY STAR program was established by EPA in 1992, under the authority of the Clean Air Act Section 103(g). Section103(g) of the Clean Air Act directs the Administrator to "conduct a basic engineering research and technology program to develop, evaluate, and demonstrate non-regulatory strategies and technologies for reducing air pollution." In 2005, Congress enacted the Energy Policy Act. Section 131 of the Act amends Section 324 (42 USC 6294) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, and "established at the Department of Energy and the Environmental Protection Agency a voluntary program to identify and promote energy-efficient products and buildings in order to reduce energy consumption, improve energy security, and reduce pollution through voluntary labeling of or other forms of communication about products and buildings that meet the highest energy efficiency standards."\*

## **Boca BEACHFRONT Availability**

The following is a summary of the available and pending residences located on the East (BEACH) side of OCEAN Blvd. (A1A) in Boca Raton. 0.1% to 3.9% is Low Inventory \* 4.0% to 6.9% is Balanced Inventory \* 7.0% to 9.9% is High Inventory \* 10.0% + is Excessive Inventory

### **North Beach**

(North of Palmetto Park Road on <u>North OCEAN Blvd</u> , - Listed from North to South)									
Address	Condo Name	TA	AA	%A	ADOM	Price Range	Average	PC	
2150	Aegean	8	0	0.0%	0	SOLD OUT	N/A	0	
2070	Athena	4	0	0.0%	0	SOLD OUT	N/A	0	
2066	Ocean Reef Towers	55	1	1.8%	13	1.3M	1.3M	2	
2000	Brighton	39	2	5.1%	157	1.495M to 1.995M	1.745M	0	
S/T	North Beach	106	3	2.8%	109		1.597M	2	

### **Boca Beach**

(South of Palmetto Park Road to the Boca Inlet on South OCEAN Blvd. - Listed from North to South.)

Address	Condo Name	ТА	AA	%A	ADOM	Price Range	Average	PC
250	Marbella	155	3	1.9%	87	1.095M to 1.1M	1.097M	0
310	Boca Mar	38	2	7.9%	116	425K to 495K	460K	0
350	Beresford	53	1	1.9%	52	2.6M	2.6M	1
400	Excelsior, The	27	3	11.1%	261	2.95M to 5.995M	4.180M	1
500&550	Chalfonte, The	378	2	0.5%	35	869K to 1.35M	1.110M	2
600	Sabal Shores	125	4	3.2%	174	515K to 1.0M	671K	0
700	Sabal Point	67	0	0.0%	0	SOLD OUT	N/A	1
750	Sabal Ridge	31	2	6.5%	90	1.5M to 2.0 M	1.75M	0
800	Presidential Place	42	2	4.8%	128	4.988M to 5.45M	5.219M	0
1000	One Thousand Oce	an 52	6	11.5%	233	2.75M to 9.5M	5.499M	0
S/T	<b>Boca Beach</b>	968	25	2.6%	157		2.847M	5

#### **South Beach**

(South of the Boca Inlet on <u>South OCEAN Blvd.</u> - Listed from North to South)									
Address	Condo Name	TA	AA	%A	ADOM	Price Range	Average	PC	
1180	Cloister del Mar	96	5	5.2%	115	549K to 724K	645K	0	
1200	Cloister Beach	128	2	1.7%	146	515K to 549K	532K	1	
1400&1500	Addison, The	169	5	3.0%	55	1.995M to 3.15M	2.429M	1	
1800	Placide, The	54	2	3.7%	184	1.075M to 1.25M	1.163M	3	
2000	Whitehall	164	5	3.1%	35	679K to 1.395M	946K	3	
2494	Aragon, The	41	2	4.9%	349	3.25M to 5.25M	4.25M	1	
2500	Luxuria, The	24	1	4.2%	267	8.25M	8.25M	0	
2600	Stratford Arms	120	2	1.7%	115	995K to 1.15M	1.075M	1	
2800	Ocean Towers	256	7	2.7%	102	699K to 1.195M	785K	1	
3000	3000 South	80	2	2.5%	111	619K to 685K	652K	3	
S/T	South Beach	1132	33	2.9%	116		1.490M	14	
Totals	May 2016	2206	61	2.8%	132		2.051M	21	
Totals	May 2015	2206	53	2.4%	135		1.896M	22	

#### <u>Key</u>:

TA = Total Number of Apartments in Development \* AA = Number of Apartments Available For Sale

%A = Percent of Apartments in Development For Sale \* **ADOM** = Average Number of Days on Market per Listing

**PC** = Number of Apartments SOLD and Pending Closing

This information is compiled from BeachesMLS on April 18, 2016. This representation is based in whole or in part on data supplied by BeachesMLS. BeachesMLS does not guarantee or is not in any way responsible for its accuracy. Data maintained by BeachesMLS may not reflect all real estate activity in the market.

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